Role of Senior Management in Building Strong AML/CFT Framework

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Who is ultimately responsible for AML/CFT Compliance?



1st Compliance function/MLRO

2nd Business Lines

3rd Board and Senior Management

:



Senior Management Responsibilities

"The board has ultimate responsibility for the bank's business strategy and financial soundness, key personnel decisions, internal organization and governance structure and practices, and risk management and compliance obligations" (Basel)

"The management body in its supervisory function should be responsible for setting, approving and overseeing the implementation of an adequate and effective internal governance and internal control framework to ensure compliance with applicable requirements in the context of the prevention of money laundering and terrorism financing (ML/TF)." (EBA)

"The management body must have ultimate and overall responsibility for the institution and defines, oversees and is accountable for the implementation of the governance arrangements within the institution that ensure effective and prudent management of the institution." (EBA)



Role of Senior Management

A

Culture

Strong AML/CFT
Culture

В

Governance

Compliance Function Resources C

Risk Framework

Risk Assessment Monitoring Mitigating D

Controls

Controls are adequate and proportional



Awareness

Communicating with Employees



AML/CFT Culture



Culture is "We are what we repeatedly Do"

How the Organization makes decisions

How Employees Interact

What are Core values



For AML/CFT it means

Is compliance a priority?
Is compliance team supported?
Are compliance obligations undermined or circumvented?



Poor AML Culture Examples

01

Risk Taking not aligned with Risk Appetite 02

Policies, limits, controls, and rules are not adhered to

03

Compliance concerns or advice is not adhered by the business or management

Blame Culture



AML/CFT Good Culture Elements



RIGHT TONE – AML/CFT COMPLIANCE IS A PRIORITY



COMPLIANCE HAS SUPPORT FROM SENIOR LEADERSHIP



COMPLIANCE TEAM CAN
DISCUSS EMERGING ML/TF/PF
RISKS WITH MANAGEMENT



RESPONSIBILITIES ON ML/TF/PF RISKS ARE SHARED BETWEEN BUSINESS AND COMPLIANCE AS FIRST AND SECOND LINE OF DEFENSE



OPEN COMMUNICATION
REGARDING RISKS,
APPROACHES, WAYS OF DOING
BUSINESS



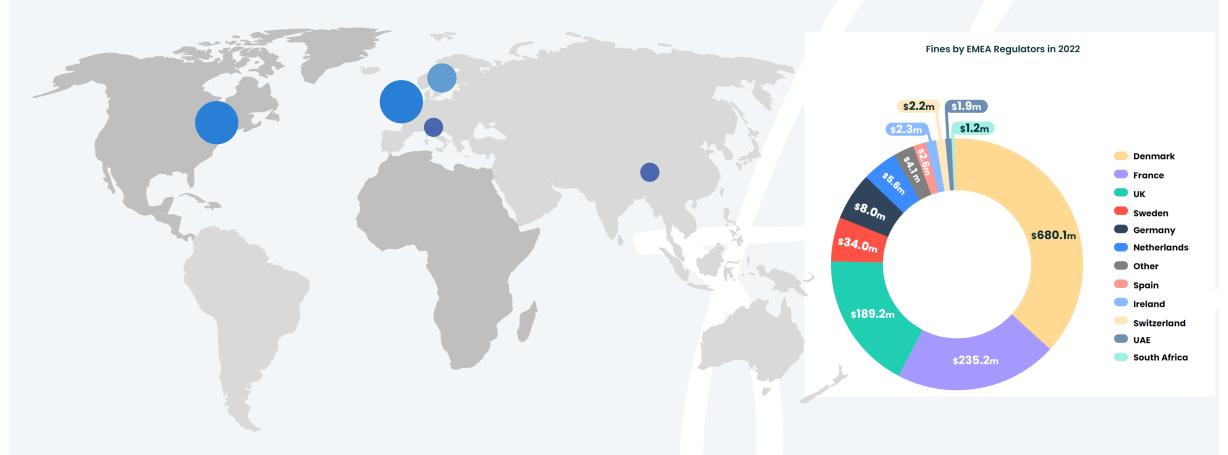
TOP CULTURAL FACTORS IN MISCONDUCT



Culture and Misconduct

Source: Freshfields

AML/CFT Sanctions



US Regulatory Fines

US fined cryptocurrency exchange Binance with 4.3 billion fine for violation AML and Sanctions

UK Regulatory Fines

FCA fined for 144 million for AML Violations 2022



EU Regulatory Fines

Credit Swiss Fine 235 million fine by French Regulator Danske bank fine 2.2 billion in 2023 by US and Danish Regulators



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Which Internal function should Lead Cultu



What Tone from the Top means for AML/CFT



Setting the tone starting with setting AML/CFT Risk Appetite – a level playing field for business



Having in place adequate and up-to-date AML/CFT Policies



Communicating the commitment to comply with AML/CFT Requirements



Establish appropriate governance structures for the Compliance Function



Allocate sufficient resources to AML/CFT compliance



Ensuring that Revenue Interests do not compromise Compliance



Board Management Operational Level Engagement

Adoption of AML/CFT Policies

Adoption of Business Risk Assessment

Periodic Monitoring of adherence to Risk Appetite

Engagement with Compliance team

Approval of High Risk Customers

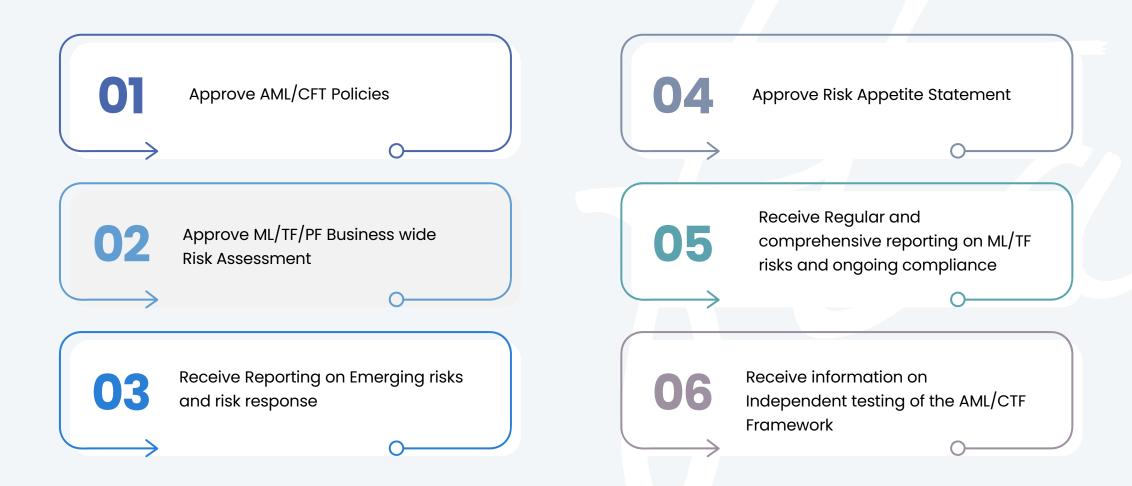
Exit Relationships with High risk Customers



Role of Supervisory Board

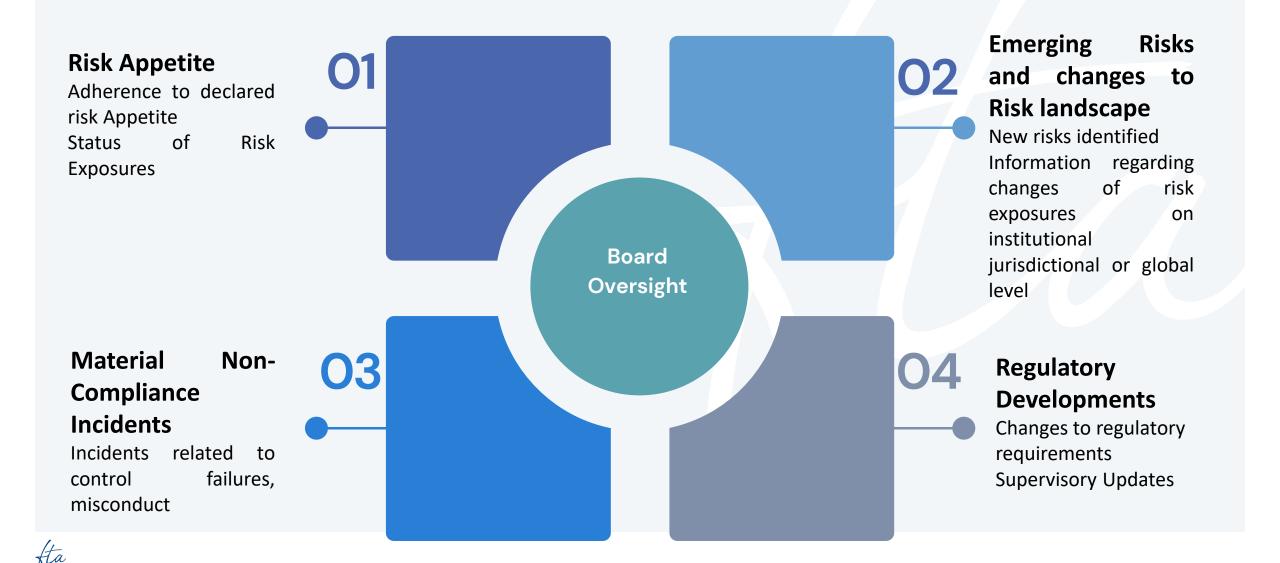


AML/CFT Governance - Board Engagement





Governance -AML/CFT Reporting

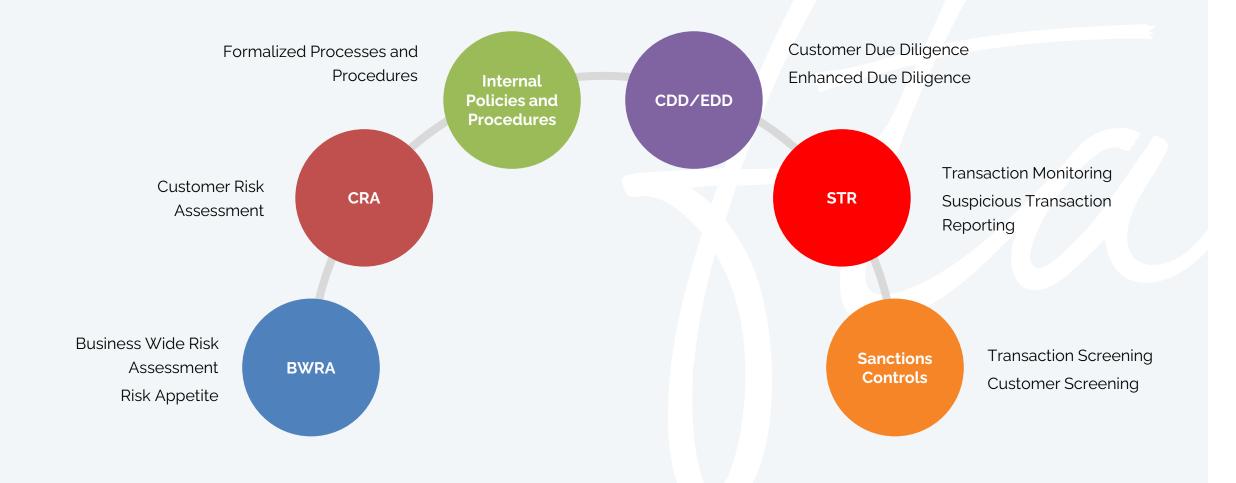


Key Controls



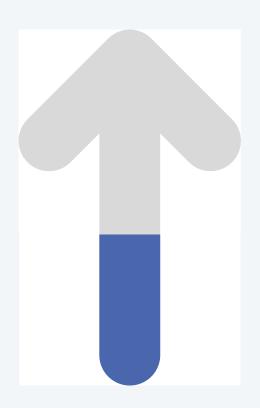


Key Controls



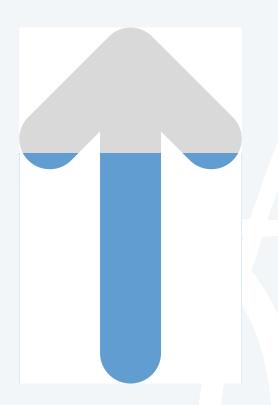


AML/CFT Governance - Risk Accountability



First Line - Business

Identify and Manage Risks
Implement Risk Management Procedures



Second Line - Compliance

Establish policy and processes for risk management
Provide Guidance
Monitor adherence to ML/TF/PF risk management
policies and procedures

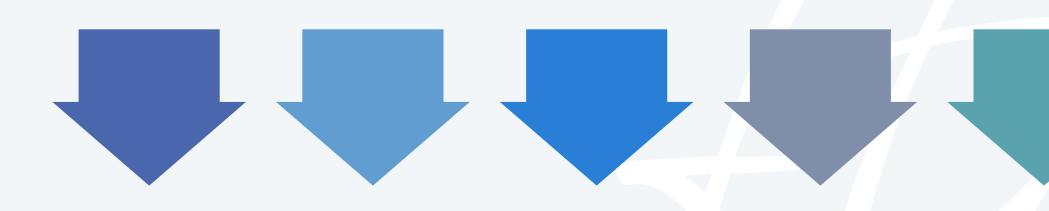


Third Line - Audit

Provide assurance/independent testing that ML/TF/PF risk management processes are adequate and appropriate



Risk Understanding



Assessing Risks BRA

Risk Mitigation Risk Response Clear Risk Appetite and Customer Acceptance Policies RBA Policy **Customer Risk Assessment**

Enhanced Due Diligence Measures aligned with Risk



AML/CFT Governance - Risk Management



Risk Assessment

Business wide ML/TF/PF Risk Assessment



Risk Appetite Framework

Financial Crime Risk Appetite Statement

Customer Risk Assessment and Acceptance Framework



ML/TF/PF Controls

Effective Controls in place to Mitigate Risks Independent Testing



Independent Testing

Testing of Key Controls



Components of Customer Risk Assessment





Internal Policies

Cover all ML/TF/PF Areas

Up to Date

Targeted to specific institution

Employees rely on it

Policies are backed up by operational level procedures



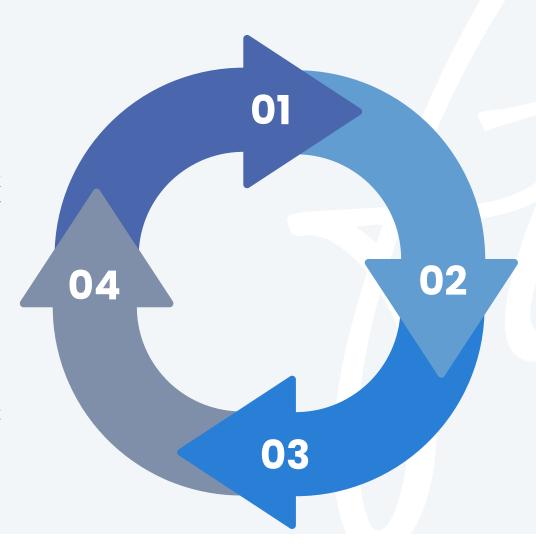
KYC/CDD



Identification/Verification EDD based on Risk SoF/SoW

Account Closure

Exit Relationship Customer Request



Transaction Monitoring

Analysis of declared activity v. Real activity Red Flag Transactions

Update of Information

Activity

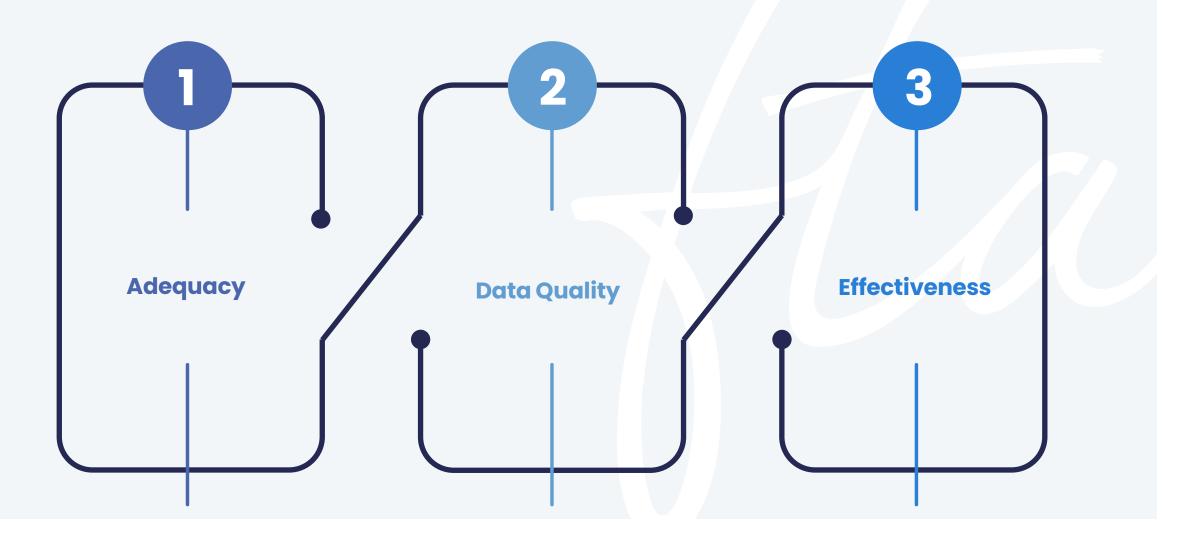
Beneficiary and Ownership Structure

Negative Media - Panama Papers, Bahamas Leaks, etc.

External Inquiries

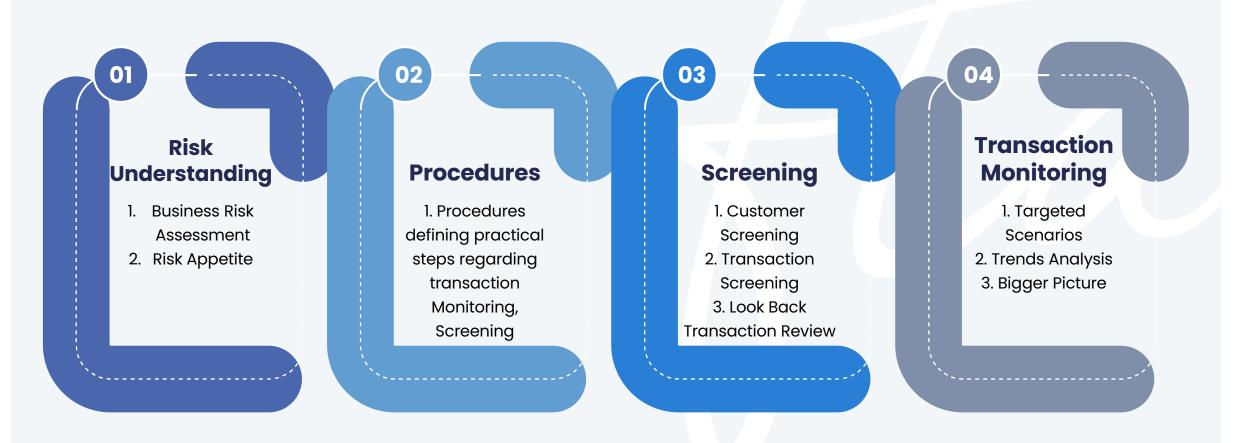


Transaction Monitoring





Effective System for TF-TFS PF-TFS







Thank you

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